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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/735,405	12/12/2003	Jane Smith Parker	190250-1690	2122	
THOMAS, KAYDEN, HORSTEMEYER & RISLEY, LLP/ AT&T Delaware Intellectual Property, Inc. 600 GALLERIA PARKWAY, S.E. SUITE 1500			EXAMINER		
			DANNEMAN, PAUL		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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		01/25/2008	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)	
		10/735,4	PARKER, JANE SMITH		SMITH	
		Examine	er	Art Unit		
		PAUL DA	ANNEMAN	3627		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi r Reply	cation appears on th	ne cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	ddress	
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANDER OF THE MAN	AILING DATE OF T of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e unication. tutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the ap	THIS COMMUNION VENT, however, may a rewill expire SIX (6) MON polication to become AE	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed.  This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  Since this application is in condition to closed in accordance with the practice.	b)⊡ This action is for allowance excep	non-final. t for formal matt	•	ne merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicati	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict on Papers	tion and/or election				
10)	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are: Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to	a)  accepted or b tion to the drawing(s) the correction is requ	be held in abeyar ired if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 C	, ,	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
2)  Notic 3) Inforr	t <b>(s)</b> e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P <sup>o</sup> nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3 December 2007</u> .	ГО-948)	Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 		

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# **DETAILED ACTION**

# Status of the Application

1. This action is in reply to Applicant's response to the first office action, filed on 18 December 2007.

2. Claims 1-22 are pending.

3. Applicant did not amend any of the claims.

4. Applicant has responded to the non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection of

Claims 1-22. Applicant will submit a terminal disclaimer upon indication of otherwise allowable subject

matter, if such is still needed at that point.

# **Response to Arguments**

5. Applicant argues with regard to Claim 1 and its dependent claims that McDuff does not teach, or

suggest "logic configured to determine an operator efficiency parameter by integrating the

set of switching statistics with the set of work statistics;". Examiner has closely reviewed

Applicant's argument and while not directly disclosing the limitation, McDuff et al. in at least

Column 3, lines 5-8 discloses gathering statistics regarding agent calling activity and in lines 18-

26 further discloses that some of the agent calling activity gathered is agent's average handling

time, average work time, average talk time, etc. and in lines 27-33 still further discloses that the

statistical data is used to generate reports useful to a supervisor or other manager. It is therefore

obvious, at the time of the invention, to a person of ordinary skill in the art to conclude that McDuff

et al. collects and manipulates the call center agent work related statistics as a means of

determining an agent's productivity and the effectiveness of the call center and its policies and is

identical in function to applicant's use of switching and work statistics to determine an operator

efficiency parameter. Therefore, Examiner maintains that Claims 1 and 3-7 were properly

rejected and remain rejected.

6. Applicant argues with regard to Claim 2, "that Stuart does not make up for any deficiencies of

McDuff as noted above." Examiner notes in response to the argument above that McDuff does

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not have any deficiencies related to determining an operator efficiency parameter; therefore Stuart is only used to address the limitation not clearly disclosed in McDuff in relation to "a bonus payment calculation to the operator." Therefore, Claim 2 was properly rejected and remains so.

- Applicant argues with regard to Claim 8 and its dependent claims, "determining an operator efficiency parameter by integrating the set of switching statistics with the set of work statistics;". Examiner has closely reviewed Applicant's argument and while not directly disclosing the limitation, McDuff et al. in at least Column 3, lines 5-8 discloses gathering statistics regarding agent calling activity and in lines 18-26 further discloses that some of the agent calling activity gathered is agent's average handling time, average work time, average talk time, etc. and in lines 27-33 still further discloses that the statistical data is used to generate reports useful to a supervisor or other manager. It is therefore obvious, at the time of the invention, to a person of ordinary skill in the art to conclude that McDuff et al. collects and manipulates the call center agent work related statistics as a means of determining an agent's productivity and the effectiveness of the call center and its policies and is identical in function to applicant's use of switching and work statistics to determine an operator efficiency parameter. Therefore, Examiner maintains that Claims 8 and 9-16 were properly rejected and remain rejected.
- 8. Applicant argues with regard to Claim 17 and its dependent claims that McDuff does not teach, or suggest "computer-readable code that configures the device to determine an operator efficiency parameter by integrating the set of switching statistics with the set of work statistics;". Examiner has closely reviewed Applicant's argument and while not directly disclosing the limitation, McDuff et al. in at least Column 1, lines 33-42, lines 60-67 and Column 2, lines 1-8 discloses a computerized monitoring system for monitoring telephony resources, gathering raw data from the switching mechanism in a call center. McDuff et al. in at least Column 3, lines 5-8 discloses gathering statistics regarding agent calling activity and in lines 18-26 further discloses that some of the agent calling activity gathered is agent's average handling time, average work time, average talk time, etc. and in lines 27-33 still further discloses that the

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statistical data is used to generate reports useful to a supervisor or other manager. It is therefore obvious, at the time of the invention, to a person of ordinary skill in the art to conclude that McDuff et al. collects and manipulates the call center agent work related statistics as a means of determining an agent's productivity and the effectiveness of the call center and its policies and is identical in function to applicant's use of switching and work statistics to determine an operator efficiency parameter. Therefore, Examiner maintains that Claims 17 and 19-22 were properly rejected and remain rejected.

9. Applicant argues with regard to Claim 18, "that Stuart does not make up for any deficiencies of McDuff as noted above." Examiner notes in response to the argument above that McDuff does not have any deficiencies related to determining an operator efficiency parameter; therefore Stuart is only used to address the limitation not clearly disclosed in McDuff in relation to "a bonus payment calculation to the operator." Therefore, Claim 18 was properly rejected and remains so.

#### **Double Patenting**

10. Claims 1-22 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 7-8, 10, 12-16, 21-23, and 25-30 of copending

Application No. 11/314,045. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both applications are based on generating an efficiency report.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious

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at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention

was made.

12. Claims 1, 3-15, and 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

McDuff et al., US Patent 6,490,350 B2.

Claims 1, 3, 7, 8, 9, 14-15, 17, and 19:

With regard to the limitations:

• Obtaining and using a set of switching statistics from a communication switch

database to determine the quantity related performance of an operator;

Obtain a set of work statistics to determine the quality related performance of an

operator;

McDuff et al. in at least Column 1, lines 33-42, lines 60-67 and Column 2, lines 1-8 discloses a

computerized monitoring system for monitoring telephony resources, gathering raw data from the

switching mechanism in a call center; with the ability to gather status information and statistics

regarding the calling activity of agents within the call center. Therefore, it would be obvious, at the

time of the invention, to a person of ordinary skill in the art to determine that McDuff et al. produces

statistics equivalent to applicant's invention.

McDuff et al. does not specifically disclose the following limitations per se:

Determine an operator efficiency parameter by integrating switching and work

statistics;

Determine when operator efficiency parameter exceeds an expected efficiency

parameter.

However McDuff et al. in at least Column 3, lines 5-8 discloses gathering statistics regarding agent

calling activity and in at least Column 3, lines 18-26 further discloses some of the information

regarding an agent's average handling time, average work time, average talk time, etc. McDuff, et al.

in at least Column 3, lines 27-33 still further discloses that the monitoring server provides an

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automated way to gather useful statistics, classify the statistical data and generate reports useful for a

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supervisor or other manager. Therefore, it would be obvious, at the time of the invention, to a person

of ordinary skill in the art to conclude that McDuff et al. collects and manipulates statistical call center

agent work related information and produces reports useful to a supervisor and manager to manage

the personnel related activities of a call center.

Claims 4-6, 10-13, and 20-22:

With regard to the limitations:

Communication switch statistics are from a POTS;

Operator quality parameters are for telephone calls from customers;

Operators may be of any job grade level.

McDuff et al. in at least Fig. 1, Column 3, lines 35-65 discloses a portion of a telecommunications

network of a call center connected to a public switched telephone network (PSTN) and in at least

Column 4, lines 17-22 and Fig. 1 further discloses that the call/telephony integrated monitoring server

is connected to an automated resource management system (ARMS). McDuff et al. in at least

Column 3, lines 27-33 further discloses some of the operator quality and quantity parameters related

to telephone calls from customers and for business clients that are collected. McDuff et al, in at least

Column 5, lines 63-67 still further discloses that statistics may be for agents, supervisors, business

clients, and call status encompassing the whole of the call center operation. Therefore, it would be

obvious at the time of the invention, to a person of ordinary skill in the art to acknowledge that a

PSTN is sometimes referred to as the Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) and that the operator

related statistics in a call center are relative operators regardless of their grade level and that McDuff

et al. fully discloses all the limitations of the applicant's invention.

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13. Claims 2, 16 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDuff et

al. as applied to claims 1, 3-17 and 19-22 above, and further in view of Stuart et al., US Publication

2001/0032120 A1.

Claims 2, 16 and 18:

McDuff et al. does not specifically disclose the following limitations:

Bonus payment to an operator;

However, Stuart et al. in at least Paragraph [0009] discloses a system for evaluating call agent

efficiency and the agent cost data and determining a cost based performance indicator. Stuart et al.

in at least Paragraph [0054] discloses that the evaluation of a call agent's efficiency could enable

management to introduce a valid 'pay for performance' system. Therefore, it would be obvious, to a

person of ordinary skill in the art to ascertain that a 'pay for performance' system encompasses a

bonus payment and that a call center owner would be motivated to modify McDuff et al.'s monitoring

statistics with Stuart et al.'s call agent productivity and reward system to minimize lost productivity

(Stuart et al., Paragraph [0006]).

Conclusion

14. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth

in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from

the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date

of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH

shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action

is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX

MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to PAUL DANNEMAN whose telephone number is (571)270-1863. The examiner can

normally be reached on Mon.-Thurs. 6AM-5PM Fri. off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

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Florian Zeender can be reached on 571-272-6790. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/Paul Danneman/

Examiner, Art Unit 3627

19 January 2008

/F. Ryan Zeender/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3627